New-York Daily Times.

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LATEST INTELLIGENCE

By Telegraph to the New-York Daily Times.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, March 10.

A meeting of the Senate Committee on the Judiciary was held this morning, at which it is said, Judge CAMPBELL, of Alabama, appeared to the other United States officers from that State, and will, it is said, urge in favor of Mr. CARMICK's right to a seat there.

The Senate, in Executive session, ratified to-day, commercial treaties with France, Venezuela, and Costa Rica.

The Committee on Foreign Relations will hold a meeting to-morrow morning, to consider the Clayton-Bulwer Treaty.

In the South Carolina Congressional District contest, Mr. ORR, who appeared to the credentials of Mr. KERSHAW, was admitted to his seat.

Ex-President PIERCE has gone to Virginia to visit some personal friends.

The Cabinet held a long session to-day. The probabilities are that the Senate will adjourn after dinner Saturday.

The nominations sent to the Senate to-day embraced marshals for several of the South-western States. No removals have yet been made in the Departments here.

Lord NAPIER has engaged rooms for himself and suite at Willard's Hotel, and expects to reach Washington to-morrow.

New Faces in the Capital—The Army of Office-Seekers—Policy of the Administration—England and Kansas, &c.

Special Correspondence of the N. Y. Daily Times.

WASHINGTON, Monday, March 9, 1857.

THE FOUR-YEAR STRUGGLE OPENS.

The Capital has changed faces since I left it less than three weeks ago. Congress and its motley train have adjourned to other fields of depredation; and their places are supplied by a host of earnest, hopeful yet anxious men from all over the Union, eagerly waiting the crumbs expected soon to fall from the new master's table. Among them are a number of ex-politicians from New-York and elsewhere, some of whom were familiar objects in years gone by, and who appear now like fossils taken from their graves, well polished and dusted for occasion until they look pretty fair, although with an aged Reveal mark, or two of their title to reverence because of their years.

APPEARANCE OF THE RIDERS.

The new faces are worn by quite a different looking set of men. These latter contain an unusual proportion of stalwart yeomanry—men who look familiar with hard work and inured to long wearing with the elements. They are evidently not of the sentimental school, nor used to fighting the battle of life where soft words are weightier weapons than hard knocks. They come not from the cities, but from the rural districts, the forests and the great rivers. They look out of place here—feel so, doubtless, in a double sense, and are seeking to get into place in the vain idea that Government employment is easier and pays better than more active toil in other departments of labor and industry. If they would but clear their eyes of the fog that fills them, and take an honest look at the condition of those they desire to oust, they would never think of exchanging places. But they are moths fluttering around the great political flame, and will, doubtless, continue to be attracted by its dazzling splendors, until their wings are scorched and they fall as helpless as have thousands of their predecessors on the same royal road.

WHERE WILL THE ROTARY AXE MOVE?

Nobody yet says much about the general policy of the new Administration. On one point, however, all are agreed, and that is, that the rule of rotation in office is to be rigidly observed. This you can see painfully marked upon the faces of many an excellent clerk who has been in place during a long series of years because of his efficiency, but who expects to be ousted now for the sake of some one who has never had a sup from the public dish. It is not supposed, however, that the work of decapitation will commence for a month to come, and, perhaps, not for two months. The pressure of conflicting claimants is so very great that the Administration is overwhelmed and bewildered, so that it will require a few weeks to enable them to decide upon their exact course. This prospect is highly satisfactory to the "ins"—tickles the hotel-keepers, and gives the money-shavers assurance of brisk times and 5 per cent. a month are long, as the expectants get short of funds wherewith to persist in their suits.

GENERAL POLICY—ENGLAND AND KANSAS.

There is no probability of much interest at Washington, independent of that connected with the appointments, until after these are disposed of. Indeed there is no present pending national question requiring speedy development of the policy of the new Administration, except that involved in the pending treaty with England, and those in which the political future of Kansas is shrouded. In regard to the former, negotiations are likely to be reopened which, of course, will take that subject from the field of public discussion or action for months to come. Intelligence to Kansas, it is suggested that Mr. BUCHANAN desires the Senate out of the way are he acts at all. If it adjourns without disposing of HARRISON's nomination, and the acting Chief Justice LECOMPTE, it is thought he will settle the question by appointing somebody else to the place, and sustaining him in the fulfillment of its duties by aid of any needed force. In short, his friend GRANT will be sustained in his course, which is almost universally conceded to have been judicious, honest and just to all parties.

PRESENTATIONS TO GENERAL PIERCE.

Ex President PIERCE was presented to-day with a rich service of plate, consisting of six heavy dinner pieces, each bearing the inscription: "The Democracy of Savannah to FRANKLIN PIERCE, President of the United States from 1853 to 1857." The presentation was made at the residence of ex-Secretary MARCY, by Senator TOOMBS, of Georgia, who availed of the occasion to present a brief review of the prominent acts of the late administration, and a laudation of each and all of them, for their settlement of fierce sectional controversies; their preservation of the public treasure by exercise of the veto power; the management of our foreign relations, the enlargement of our domain, and the spread of American commerce.

Gen. PIERCE responded with the ordinary speech upon such occasions, declaring that he should cherish them as tokens of friendship, having a value in this respect entirely beyond their intrinsic worth. But one thing could enhance their value, and that would have been to have received them under the bright skies of Georgia, and from the hands of the generous givers. He accepted the compliments lavished upon his administration by Mr. TOOMBS, and declared his belief that by the series of acts which it inaugurated, the bond of national union will prove to have been strengthened rather than weakened. It is not often that such sovereign travel towards a setting sun.

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EXTRA SESSION OF THE U. S. SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, March 10.

Mr. PUGH offered a resolution that the Senate adjourn on Saturday next.

Mr. BRIGHT thought that as the session was called for purposes connected with the Executive Department, the Senate should not adjourn until the business was consummated. The adoption of the resolution was unnecessary and could not be considered otherwise than disrespectful to the President.

Mr. BUTLER did not concur in the remarks of Mr. STUART, and was unwilling to be placed in the category of showing disrespect to the President, who, if he wished the session to be prolonged, could so intimate, but to this there could be no objection.

Mr. MASON said the Senate had had but one day for executive action, and they had no information to enable them to ascertain whether the President has further business to lay before them.

Mr. GWIN hoped the resolution would be allowed to lie over for the present.

Mr. JOHNSON had heard various gentlemen say that no business would detain the Senate beyond Saturday—therefore they should not prolong the fag end of the session. They would not be able to get away until they fixed the time for the adjournment. In consequence of the commissions of officers constantly expiring, they might be detained here until December. For himself he could not stay here beyond the present week, and the same was the case with other gentlemen.

Mr. MASON moved to lay the resolution on the table. Disagreed to by 30 to 28.

On motion of Mr. CRITTENDEN, his resolutions, referred yesterday, relative to privateering, were referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

Executive session.

The Senate adjourned till 1 o'clock to-morrow.

NEW-YORK LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.... ALBANY, Tuesday, March 10.

Mr. BROOKS introduced a bill, compelling approval, by a majority of the people on the route, before an omnibus line can be established; also, a bill to appropriate $5,000 annually, to be distributed in sums of $60 each among emigrants to Liberia.

BILLS PASSED.

Relative to unsafe buildings in New-York. To amend the Revised Statutes. Relative to limited partnerships.

The bill amending the usury laws was made the special order for Thursday at 11¼ A. M.

The bill appropriating $9,000 to pay the Croton Aqueduct Department for water used at Sing Sing was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. BROOKS introduced a resolution tendering the expression of the confidence of the Senate and Assembly in Hon. HAMILTON FISH, and their high appreciation of his public services during six years in the United States Senate, passed in watchfulness over the rights, honor and good name of his native State.

On motion of Mr. UPHAM, the rules were suspended, and the resolution unanimously adopted.

The bill repealing the law for the improvement of the breed of horses, and establishing the Fashion Course on Long Island, was ordered to a third reading.

EVENING SESSION.

Temperance bills were introduced by Messrs. BEARDSLEY, BROOKS and C. H. SMITH, and are now under discussion.

ASSEMBLY.... ALBANY, Tuesday, March 10.

Mr. BECKWITH had leave to introduce a bill providing for the preservation and filing of all papers relating to the proceedings of the Executive Department.

The bills to incorporate the Commercial Trust Company of New-York, to amend the act to organize the Bank Department, to confirm the location of the Schuyler County Buildings, were ordered to a third reading.

Progress was then reported on the apportionment bills.

The bill to amend the Assessment Laws, so as to provide that the occupant of hired property shall only be taxed upon so much as he owns, the residue to be assessed upon the mortgagor, had progress.

Mr. KELLEY's bill, to provide for the more certain recovery of debts due domestics in families, was defeated. The bill was amended so as to exempt from execution wearing apparel, and limiting the debt to be recovered to $50. Progress was then reported.

The bill authorizing the formation of town insurance companies was considered. It was amended so as to allow non-residents to insure property situated in the towns, but not to become directors. The bill had progress.

Reception of Dr. Kane's Remains in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Tuesday, March 10—9 P. M.

A procession is now forming to escort the remains of Dr. KANE to the Maryland Institute. The body is now lying in the Hall of the new depot of the Ohio Railroad, where it arrived before 11 o'clock to-day.

BALTIMORE, Tuesday, March 10—P. M.

The funeral procession in this City to-day, in honor of Dr. KANE was a most imposing affair. There was an immense turn out of citizens, and the escort was composed of several Military Companies, including the United States Artillery from Fort McHenry; the officers and members of the Maryland Institute, the Freemasons, the Fire Department, the German Societies, the Committees from Philadelphia, and Wheeling, a detachment of U. S. seamen from the steamer *Allegany*, many officers of the Army and Navy, the officers of the Maryland Volunteers, the Mayor and Common Council, the medical profession and other civic bodies followed the funeral car. The coffin was enveloped in the national flag. The stores on the streets through which the procession passed were closed, and many of them draped in mourning. The bells of the city were tolled, and minute guns fired from Federal Hill. The body was taken to the Immense Hall of the Maryland Institute, which was handsomely draped with black catafalque. The body is placed in the centre of the Hall, which is guarded with soldiers. Thousands of citizens are visiting it to-night. The remains will leave here to-morrow, at 11 A. M., for Philadelphia.

Marine Disasters.

STEAMER H. B. REACH ON COHASSET ROCKS, ETC.

BOSTON, Tuesday, March 10.

The steamer *H. B. Beach*, from New-York, arrived here this morning. She struck on Cohasset Rocks last night, at 9 o'clock, during the thick snow-storm, and sprung leak. On her arrival up she had ten feet of water in her hold. The cargo in her lower hold or between-decks will not be damaged.

The steamer *R. B. Forbes* passed the Highland Light, Cape Cod, this morning, at 10 o'clock, in search of the bark *Col. Ledyard*, of New-York, from Apalachicola for Boston, which was reported yesterday trying to work into the Vineyard Sound, with loss of mainmast and mizzen topmast.

Massachusetts Legislature.

BOSTON, Tuesday, March 10.

In the House to-day an order was adopted instructing the Committee on Federal Relations to consider the expediency of instructing our Senators, and requesting our Representatives in Congress to propose an amendment of the Constitution of the United States electing Judges of the Supreme and inferior courts by the people for a term of years.

The House also appointed a Committee to consider and report what measures should be taken in view of the decision of the Supreme Court in the Dred Scott case.

Dreadful Sufferings on the Plains.

ST. LOUIS, Tuesday, March 10.

Advices from Independence of the 3d inst. say that the Salt Lake mail had just arrived, having been three months on the way. The trip was the coldest and most perilous ever made across the Plains. Many Indians on the route were either frozen or starved to death, and others had eaten their own children.

Boston Weekly Bank Statement.

BOSTON, Tuesday, March 10.

The following are the footings of our Bank Statement for the past week:

Capital Stock	$81,988,000
Loans and Discounts	52,792,400
Specie	2,879,000
Amount due from other Banks	7,168,780
Amount due to other Banks	5,988,600
Deposits	14,889,400
Circulation	7,160,000

New-Hampshire Election.

CONCORD, N. H., March 10—10 P. M.

The election for State Officers and Members of Congress took place to-day. The canvass was unusually quiet, and the vote is not very large. Returns from about forty towns in different parts of the State received the election of Mr. HALE, Republican, for Governor, by a handsome majority; also the reelection of Messrs. TAPPAN, CRAGIN, and PIKE, Republicans, to Congress.

The Medley Murder Trial.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, March 10.

In the case of GEORGIANA KEYSBURY, indicted for the murder of his wife, which has been on trial for 10 days at Auburn, the jury to-day, after being out 25 hours, returned a verdict of "Murder in the first degree." His counsel have filed exceptions.

Charter Election at Syracuse.

SYRACUSE, Tuesday, March 10.

At the Charter Election held here to-day a Democratic Mayor and the entire Democratic city ticket was elected, by a large majority. Eight of nine Democratic candidates for Aldermen were elected.

Election of a State Senator.

ALBANY, Tuesday, March 10.

Mr. BLOOMING UTTER, Republican candidate for the St. Lawrence District, was to-day elected to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. CLARK, by 2,000 majority.

The Nashville at Charleston.

CHARLESTON, Tuesday, March 10.

The U. S. M. Steamship *Nashville*, Capt. EWELL, from New-York, arrived here this (Tuesday) morning, at 6 o'clock.

MARINE MATTERS.

PASSING VESSELS IN DISTRESS.

A telegraphic dispatch to ELWOOD WALTER, Esq., dated Wilmington, N. C., March 10, says the schooner *Mary Isabella*, from Baltimore, for Wilmington, is ashore near the Inlet—is broken up, and the cargo washing up on the beach.

Capt. WALKER, of the brig *Sabina*, from St. Marks, who arrived Monday, reports having seen on Saturday, lat. 28° 30', lon. 73° 30', a large vessel with nothing but the stump of the foremast standing and a spencer set thereon. The wreck was about 14 miles to leeward, but as he saw no signal of distress flying did not wish to lose time in running down to her. This practice of passing by vessels in distress at sea for fear of losing a little time, or incurring a little trouble, is not creditable to the humanity of sea captains. It should hardly be thought necessary, when all the spars of a vessel are gone, except a short stump of one mast, to hang a piece of bunting upon that, in a particular position, to indicate that the vessel is in distress. It would naturally occur to a thoughtful person, under such circumstances, that a crew might be frozen, and unable to attach a lone pole for the purpose of hanging upon it a signal for assistance.

ICE AND THE SPRING TRADE.

The Connecticut River is yet blockaded by the ice. The *Hero* was the first boat that reached Hartford during the temporary opening in February. She discharged, and re-loaded with freight, and started on her return trip, when she was caught in the late cold snap, and froze up at Deep River, where she remained at last accounts.

The interruption to the direct travel up the Connecticut River forces nearly all the freight by the way of New-Haven, and there are now four steamboats and a propeller running in that line, yet they are unable to carry all the freight. Some two hundred car loads were waiting transportation there on Saturday.

A large item of the New-Haven freight proper, consists of new carriages which are manufactured there, and shipped to New-York depositories, or sent off South and West.

The *Blue City* usually brings now one hundred and fifty carriages daily; they consist of every description of vehicle, from the common buggy to the most elegant coaches.

One of the latter description arrived here a few days before the Inauguration, which went to Washington as a present from some citizens of South Carolina to the President elect.

THE WAY THEY DO IT ON BOSTON!

The bark *Col. Ledyard*, of New-York, was reported, two days ago, off the Brick of Nantucket, with loss of her foremast, and trying to beat into the Vineyard Sound. No sooner was information received in Boston of this vessel, hovering on the coast in a crippled condition, than the powerful steam propeller *R. B. Forbes* was dispatched to her assistance by the Relief Steamboat Company, and at 10 o'clock yesterday morning that steamer passed Provincetown on her way to render the required relief, and to bring the vessel into port. This is not an isolated case, but during the past Winter this steamer has been kept in constant active service in affording succor to vessels in distress, frequently going from Boston to Provincetown, and to Holmes' Hole in the Vineyard Sound, a distance of 150 miles, in pursuit of wrecks, and that during the most rigorous weather of Winter.

This prompt attention to the claims of humanity no doubt repays the merchants of Boston for their outlay, while, at the same time, it is most creditable to them as men.

MOVEMENTS OF STEAMERS.

The steamship *Ericsson*, LOWBER, of the Collins Line, is advertised to leave for Liverpool on Saturday, the 14th inst., at 12 M.

The Vanderbilt European Steamship Line, between New-York, Southampton, Havre, and Bremen, have their programme of sailing published for the first time to-day.

The *Arctic*, 2,000 tons, leaves New-York on Thursday, April 16, and the *Vanderbilt*, 3,250 tons, is to make her first trip, leaving here Tuesday, May 5.

The *Edinburgh*, of the Glasgow Line, departs on Saturday at noon.

Obituary.

Miss MARY MINTURN, of New-York, (in whose honor Dr. KANE named a little river he explored in the Arctic regions,) died lately in Naples. She was a sister of Robert Minturn, Esq., of this City. It is a somewhat singular coincidence that while Dr. KANE was dying at Cuba, Miss MINTURN was breathing her last at Naples. She was taken down at Florence with influenza, and proceeded to Naples, where she died.

Navals.

The bill to add ten steam sloops-of-war to the Navy failed in the House of Representatives. Just before the adjournment, however, the Committee of Conference on the Naval Appropriation Bill agreed upon a clause authorizing the construction of five such vessels, instead of ten, and appropriating one million of dollars for the purpose. A provision was also added for the addition of one thousand seamen to the present list of seven thousand five hundred. The bill so amended was passed by both Houses, and signed by the President.

GUANO AGAIN.—A correspondent at Panama, in a letter which we published on the 28th ult., took occasion to caution the public against various speculations that were on foot in the guano trade, and among other sweeping statements said he had reason for believing that "the guano which Captain LUCAS and Dr. BARNES ran exhibited to the State Department, and which they pretended to have been taken from the islands visited by the *Independence* was got from the Chinchas."

We have already stated, in regard to this letter that we have no personal knowledge of the accuracy of its statements, and that it was published without the Editorial supervision which we usually bestow upon our correspondence. We have since been assured, upon authority which we cannot doubt, that the guano taken from these islands is entirely different in quality from that obtained at the Chinchas,—so that the report mentioned by our correspondent cannot in the nature of the case be true. Besides, we have seen the affidavits of Captains LUCAS, BARNS, TURNER, LEWIS and others, stating most explicitely that they visited these islands, and know, of their own knowledge, that the guano was actually procured from them. We have no reason to doubt the good faith and truth of these representations and regret the publication of the letter which attempts to throw discredit upon them. The statement in regard to Mr. GEORGE W. DENNIS is wholly incorrect, inasmuch as at the time mentioned he was with Com. MERVINE in the Pacific, and never presented any specimens of guano at the State Department.

Spanish journals are filled with accounts of preparations, both in Spain and Cuba, for the departure to the Mexican coasts of a naval force destined to obtain from the Mexican Government reparation, long since vainly demanded, for outrages of which the subjects of the crown of Spain have been the victims in this ever-troubled Republic.

On learning that the Spanish navy was about to assume the offensive, when it was believed to be scarcely capable of repelling an unjust aggression, it has been questioned, especially in the United States, whether this Spanish demonstration means anything beyond a boast borrowed from the souvenirs of chivalry, and ever alive in the country of the Cid, or whether Spain is really in a position to make herself respected wherever she is attacked.

This question is one of the deepest interest in view of the unceasing menaces against Cuba in the United States, and of the projects and filibustering enterprise which have never been altogether abandoned in New-Orleans and in New-York.

Without doubt, England and France will never consent to the annexation of Cuba to the Great North American Confederation. Cuba, in fact, is the key of the Gulf of Mexico, as Constantinople is the key of the Black Seas and Europe would no more consent to the Gulf of Mexico being turned into a Yankee lake, than she would allow the Black Sea to become a Russian lake. But it would be better if Spain were in a position to defend her own possessions of the Antilles, and was not reduced to beg aid from the great maritime powers to insure respect to her sovereignty.

Upon this point we are fully convinced, not only that Spain can defend Cuba against the most direct aggression from the United States, but that this Colony, without any appeal to arms in the mother country, is in a position to protect itself alone. In proof of our assertion we give the following facts derived from a reliable source:

On her peace establishment, Spain has an active army of 70,000 infantry and 4,500 cavalry, besides a reserve of 18,000 infantry and 6,000 horse. In addition to these, she has magazines and arsenals from which 60,000 men can be equipped in the space of a month.

As to the naval forces of the Island which would be ready at the outset to join a reinforcement from the ports of Spain, it consists of a ship-of-the-line, a frigate, a brig and two magnificent steamships, capable of carrying 2,000 troops.

Three generals and several superior officers, belonging to different branches of the service, are about to be added to the staff of General CONCHA.

We see by these details that the Island of Cuba is in a condition to repel, not only the invasions of these filibusters who have not been discouraged by the fate of LOPEZ, but even a regular attack by the Naval forces of the United States, if ever the Government of that country should attempt to realize by force the conquest of Cuba.

A GIFT WITH FIRES AND A GIFT WITHOUT.—A letter from an American lady in Paris, dated Feb. 10, to her sister in New-York, remarks: "What a fright you must have had with that fire so near you with the hydrants frozen. I can well imagine it. *A fire here is an almost unheard-of event.*"

Decidedly our friends here would consider Paris a very dull place.

HOUSE.—THE LAUNDRY.—The same lady says: "Here the dresses are made so immensely full that it is fairly ridiculous. Some ladies cannot enter a door *without turning sideways!*"

A PERSONAL MATTER.—The Telegraph on the 26th ult. announced the arrest of Mr. C. F. TRUE, in Ohio, on charge of having obtained money upon drafts improperly. The following card from the officer who made the arrest shows his entire innocence of any offence; we publish it in justice to Mr TRUE:

It is due to Mr. C. F. TRUE that I should state that my arrest of him, near Ashtabula, in the State of Ohio, was without any process or justification. That I received a telegraphic dispatch from MICHAEL, Esq., of Erie, a police-officer of Chicago, requesting me to arrest said TRUE for swindling banks out of $150,000, giving to me a description of said TRUE. Believing in the statement of GALLAGHER, I arrested Mr. TRUE, and am satisfied that I have done him great injustice. The examination of his case before Judge WELLS, on Tuesday evening, satisfied me that Mr. TRUE is not the person who it is alleged committed the frauds in the Western States, and that he is entirely innocent of any participation in them.

H. C. WHITNEY.

BUFFALO, Wednesday, Feb. 25, 1857.

☞ The *Boston Bee*, a capital newspaper, and spicy withal, has forsaken the old folio form, and taken the more correct, convenient and fashionable one of the eight-page quarto.

Church Burnt in Cleveland, Ohio.

From the Cleveland Leader, 10th.

Saturday about 11 o'clock, smoke was seen to issue from the north west corner of the stone church, known as "Dr. Aiken's Church," and in a few minutes the roof and upper portion of the whole edifice was enveloped in flames, which spread with such rapidity that all hope of saving it was abandoned, and the bystanders directed their efforts to saving the furniture, books, cushions, &c. An endeavor was made to get out the elegant rosewood pulpit, but the danger was so imminent from falling walls, burning rafters, &c., that it had to be abandoned, and as it was, several barely escaped with their lives. A strong current of wind from the north-west drove the flames furiously toward the lofty spire, on the south part of the building, which was about 150 feet high, and in a very few minutes they burst forth from its base, which was soon wrapped in a sheet of fire, whilst the smoke poured in dense volumes, and wrestled for the mastery in various fantastic shapes. As the devouring element reached the vane, which was in the form of a rooster, and turned to the fall, the spectators among the spectators was intense, as it was uncertain which way it would fall, and the firemen at work upon the roofs of the adjacent buildings were in danger of being crushed beneath the flaming mass. The buildings east and west of the church were in imminent danger, but with the wind from the north gave it a direction, and it fell in the public square across Rock-well street with a tremendous crash. A portion of the wall at the back part of the church fell upon the roof of the chapel, crushing through into the cellar, and damaging it about $2,000.

The church with the furniture cost about $60,000, and is covered by insurance as follows: Home $3,000, Liverpool and London $3,000, Cleveland Mutual $5,000, Phœnix $5,000, Commercial $5,000, Philadelphia $5,000, Commercial Mutual $5,000, Merchants' and Manufacturers' Cincinnati $5,000, Ætna $20,000. There was an additional insurance on the chapel only, in the Irving of $2,000, which will more than cover the loss sustained there. The insurance, we understand, is about $35,000. The origin of the fire has not been definitely ascertained.

THE RAT POISONING AFFAIR—DEATH OF ONE OF THE VICTIMS.—The editor of the Cleveland Plain-dealer writing from Washington, on the 1st inst., says:

"The great wholesale poisoning case excites much interest here. The National, the largest hotel in the city, being overrun with rats, the proprietors undertook a general slaughter by poisoning them with strychnine. They took the poison and then took to the nearest water which was in the cistern tanks and wells about the house were they tumbled in and died of course. The water being concealed and raised by pumps did not expose the condition of things till by its daily use some hundred or more of the boarders were successively taken sick; doctors were called and a health officer sent for, who were not long in discerning the cause. On removing the covering to the big cistern it presented the most revolting sight ever seen. It was literally packed with the dead bodies of poisoned rats.

Mr. LESCOT, from our State, was a guest at the house at the time, was taken sick, started for home and died on the way. No other deaths have been heard of, but many of the boarders are still very sick. Mr. BUCHANAN was also stopping at the house, and has not yet fully recovered from its effects. The tanks have been thoroughly cleansed.

NAVAL COURT OF INQUIRY.—The case of Lieut. PENNINGTON was closed on Saturday. Surgeon TRUXTUN, Com. READ and Lieut. J. N. MAFFITT, of the United States Navy, and Capt. WM. INMAN, Capt. FREDERICK ENGLE, Lieut. JAMES BOYLE, and Com. GREGORY were examined in his favor in addition to those before published. On the part of the Government Lieut. MAXWELL WOODHULL, Lieut. DE HAVEN, Lieut. G. H. BEEN, and Capt. BUCHANAN were also examined.

The Naval Court of Inquiry were yesterday morning engaged in listening to the reply in the case of Lieut. PENNINGTON, which was read by Mr. PHILLIPS, one of his counsel.—*Washington Union.*

Eight soup-houses, for supplying destitute people with food, are in operation in Philadelphia. The oldest (in Green's-court, near Pine-street) was established in 1814.

THE CORRUPTION COMMITTEE.

Mr. Brooks's Report in Favor of Expelling Mr. Matteson.

Mr. Matteson's Reply to the Report.

Hon. O. B. Matteson's Reply to the Report of the Committee.

WASHINGTON, Monday, March 9, 1857.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

SIR: I have received a copy of the letter addressed to the House of Representatives by Hon. O. B. Matteson, of New-York, in reply to the Report of the Investigating Committee, and have carefully perused it. I have no disposition to question the motives of the Committee in making the investigation, but I do not hesitate to say that the Report is not borne out by the testimony, and that the conclusions arrived at are unwarranted by the facts. I am glad that Mr. Matteson has had the opportunity to meet the charges against him, and I am sure that the House and the country will be satisfied with the manner in which he has done it. I am also glad that the Committee have made a report, for I am sure that the country will be satisfied that the charges against Mr. Matteson were not sustained by the testimony. I am, Sir, yours, &c.,

J. W. STRONG.

Mr. Matteson's Reply to the Report.

To the House of Representatives:

I have carefully examined the report of the Committee of Investigation, and have considered the testimony upon which it is based, and am constrained to say that the report is not borne out by the testimony, and that the conclusions arrived at are unwarranted by the facts. I am glad that the Committee have made a report, for I am sure that the country will be satisfied that the charges against me were not sustained by the testimony. I am also glad that the Committee have exonerated me from the charge of having used improper means to procure the passage of the Nebraska bill. I am sure that the country will be satisfied that I have not been guilty of any improper conduct in connection with that measure. I am also glad that the Committee have exonerated me from the charge of having received money from the Emigrant Aid Company, or from any other source, for the purpose of influencing my action in relation to

NEW-YORK CITY.

MARKET REPORTS.

DRY GOODS.

DRY GOODS.

EDUCATIONAL.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

AGRICULTURAL.

STATIONERY.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

DANCING.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

MILLINERY.

BALLS.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SPLENDID CHANDELIERS AND GAS FIXTURES
Cost $50 to $500 each
THEIR USE ONE
Saloon named prizes, of
COLT & WHITEHEAD'S
No. 333 Broadway, cor. Walker
N. B.—C.C. Discount only Three in Exchange.

☞ Shipwreck Cheek & Co.'s Gearing Dog Lever Gin, for ten years, surpasses, proved the second and last in the old New Orleans Cotton Exchange. Pamphlets sent. Manufactured only by SHOEMAKER, BLAKE & CO., Nos. 201, 203, 205, and 207 Front-st., N. Y. Sold at manufacturers' prices by all wholesale druggists.

☞ Sick Headache and Debility.—Among the numerous advertised medicines for these complaints, none can be found so unanimously commended by the Unprejudiced Editors, Clergymen, and Physicians, as Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters.

☞ To the Afflicted.—HYATT'S LIFE BALSAM.—This powerful yet purely vegetable specific is the most certain, the most reliable, and the most speedy remedy ever discovered for the cure of Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Scrofula, and King's evil, ever yet held in the power of the afflicted, and such is its magical operation in these cases that there is seldom necessity or use left of the usual physician, save to read the appearance of the patient.

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For eruptive diseases, such as erysipelas, salt rheum, pimples, carbuncles on the face, or the worst cases of humors in the blood, it cannot fail, if taken according to the directions.

In diseases of the kidneys, bladder, gravel, dropsical and consumptive, &c., the LIFE BALSAM can be relied on as the most safe and sure remedy ever known.

The wrappers put up with each bottle are cut from pamphlets of 1,000 pages, containing a history of the cures, as well as of the advertised specimens, sufferings, and letters of citizens of New-York; and the cures are made in almost every city in the world. The demand for this remedy has become so great that it is impossible to supply it to the thousands who call for it. Depot for Broadway, at Fulton-st.; and Druggists generally.

☞ Hair-Dyeing.—Wigs and Toupees have immediate attention given to their honor. They are celebrated all over the world for their beauty, ease and durability. The largest and best stock in the United States. Factory for repairing the famous WORTH'S PATENTOLEON, No. 80 Broadway.

☞ Physicians and Clergymen.—The Annual Commencement will be held in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Crosby-st., between Prince and Houston-sts., on THURSDAY EVENING, March 12, at 7½ o'clock. The address will be delivered by the Vice-President of the College, EDWARD DELAFIELD, M.D. The Profession and the public are invited to attend.

☞ Dr. WATTS, M.D., Dentist, 280 Broadway, corner of Chambers-st.

☞ An Adjourned Meeting of the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Association No. 2, will be held in No. 192 Broadway, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 11, at 7½ o'clock. It is hoped that all the Members will be present, as the business affairs of those who have paid in and those who have not, The Tax Collector will be there.

CORNELIUS A. COOPER, Purchasing Trustee.

☞ AN (If unadulterated) is now highly recommended for dyspepsia, or those requiring extra nourishment. For this purpose or for general use nothing more can be said than that the pure and wholesome WHEATENA FARINA, Depot, 2 Barclay-st. Sold by parcels of two dozen (one bottle) and upwards.
J. HARLOW, No. 189 Water-st.

☞ Mirrors and Frames.—Fine Musical Side-all, oval mirrors; portrait and picture frames, of the newest designs and patterns, and of superior workmanship. Call and examine our stock.
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No. 49 Reade-st., 2d door East of Broadway.

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WEIGH-LOCK
SCALES,
RAILROAD FREIGHT and DEPOT
SCALES,
HAY, COAL and CATTLE
SCALES,
WHEAT or HOPPER
SCALES,
FLOUR-PACKING
SCALES,
DORMANT and PORTABLE WAREHOUSE
SCALES,
ROLLING-MILL
SCALES,
GROCERS' and DRUGGISTS'
SCALES,
BANKERS' and JEWELERS'
SCALES,
PRESCRIPTION and ASSAY
BALANCES,
WEIGH-MASTERS' BEAMS,
POST-OFFICE BALANCES,
GOLD COIN DETECTORS,
FAMILY SCALES,
SPRING BALANCES,
STANDARD WEIGHTS,
&c. &c. &c. &c.
Pamphlets, with cuts and descriptions, will be furnished upon application, by mail or otherwise, to FAIRBANKS & CO., No. 189 Broadway, New-York, where a full assortment of scales may be found at all times.

KEROSENE OILS.
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PARAFINE RAILWAY GREASE.
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KEROSENE LUBRICATING OIL, No. 1.
Kerosene Lubricating Oil, No. 2, the cheapest lubricator ever offered to the public.
The above oils can be obtained from the regularly appointed agents of the Company in all the principal towns and villages of the United States, the Canadas, and the Island of Cuba.

AT A MEETING OF THE REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION OF THE TWENTY-SECOND Ward, held at Hope-hall, Monday evening, March 9, the following resolutions, offered by Mr. F. Ketchum, after earnest discussion, were passed unanimously, except the third, which had one dissenting vote, and were ordered to be published:

Resolved, That we regard with the highest respect and admiration the noble and patriotic efforts of the people of this State toward the entire enfranchisement of all its citizens, by abolishing the odious property qualification that now exists—a approach alike to our intelligence and justice.

Resolved, That we commune with feelings of joy, mixed with those of shame and indignation, the legislation and judicial decisions of the past year in relation to Kansas; more true Republicanism on the part of the Free States, such as New-York, Massachusetts, Vermont and Michigan (young Wisconsin, with the cruel and oppressive enactments of the Congress of the United States, and the yet more cruel, false and revolutionary judgments of the Supreme Court of the United States, by a majority of the Judges elected).

Resolved, That we accord no higher respect to the false and wicked judgments of a Taney and his associates in infamy, than we would to those of a Jeffries or a Scroggs; and we believe that the time has at last arrived when the reverence of the people for the Federal Judiciary must give place to abhorrence and contempt.

Resolved, That we look for State action that shall protect our soil and our people from the curse of Slavery and the domination of the slave power.

ADOLPHUS STONE, Chairman pro tem.
JAMES B. RICHARDS, Secretary.

NOTICE.—THE COMMITTEE ON ASSESSments of the Board of Aldermen will meet in the room of the Bureau of Assessors, Hall of Records, on WEDNESDAY, 11th inst., at 1 P. M., when the following subjects will be taken up and considered, viz.:

Flagging curb and gutter Columbia-st., from Grand to Houston-sts.

Flagging and reflagging 11th-st., between Avenues A and B.

Sewer in 81st-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

Flagging 2d-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

Flagging curb and gutter 129th-st., between 4th and 5th avs.

Flagging Broadway from 34th to 36th sts.

Sewer in Horatio-st., from 9th-av. to near Greenwich-st.

Sewer in 42d-st., from 8th-av. to a point 200 feet west.

Sewer in 47th-st., from Greenwich-st. to Hudson River, and in Greenwich-av., from 47th to 48th sts.

Flagging 54th-st., between 4th and 5th avs., and 83d-st., between 3d and Lexington avs.

Sewer in 125th-st., between 8th-av. and 9th-av.

Sewer on east side of Bowery, between 9th and 9th sts.

Apportionment of assessment-list in matter of opening Central Park, &c.

PETER MONEGHAN, } Committee
WILLIAM WILSON, } on
JACOB H. VALENTINE, } Assessments.

NOTICE.—THE COMMITTEE ON LANDS AND Places of the Board of Aldermen, will meet on SATURDAY, 14th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M. at No. 9 City Hall, to consider the subject in relation to the disposal of the Crystal Palace. All parties interested in the removal or the retention of the same are requested to be present and give their views to the Committee.

WM. WILSON, } Committee
JAMES COULTER, } on
JAMES GRIFFING, } Lands and Places.

ARTESIAN WELLS.—THE SUBSCRIBER, engineer of artesian wells and boring for water, has been engaged in this business near thirty years; has recently bored a well for John Taylor & Co., at their saloon and Intercontinental Hotel, Broadway; also, wells for the principal brewers, sugar refiners and others. Would caution the public against frauds imposed upon them by parties claiming to have patents for tools and pipes used in this business. Address JOHN DISBROW, No. 61 Walker-st., or at the Columbian Foundry, No. 45 Duane-st.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE, MECHANICS' Hall.—A regular meeting will be held at the Rooms, 351 Broadway, on WEDNESDAY, March 11, at 7½ o'clock P. M. Subject—"The New Method of Obtaining Steam From the Boiler to the Piston." Members especially welcome. Admission free to all.
E. MINOR, Secretary.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

NEW BOOKS.
NOW READY AT
J. F. FETRIDGE & CO.'S
Beg to announce that they have made many improvements in their long and always popular business on the site of the old Irving House, and have greatly added to their stock of BOOKS in the modern, newest in the most rich and durable style.

They have made arrangements with the
HARPERS
To keep a large stock of their most valuable publications, bound in beautiful light and dark calf bindings, which they will supply to the trade and libraries at the Harpers' prices. They intend keeping constantly on hand a large assortment of
LITERARY, SCIENTIFIC, JUVENILE
AND
MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,
All the new publications of the day, comprising
NOVELS, TALES, ROMANCES,
AND
WORKS OF THE HIGHEST ORDER,
They will receive subscriptions to all
STANDARD AND POPULAR PERIODICALS,
For most of which they are the Publishers' Agents.

W. P. F. & Co. will pay particular attention to orders from the country. Dealers who will send their favors may depend upon having them executed with promptness, at low rates, and upon having their books packed with care.

All works, by whomsoever advertised or published, and in all styles of binding, supplied as above.

W. P. FETRIDGE & CO.,
No. 701 Broadway, opposite Stewart's.

DON'T GRUMBLE—SOME USEFUL SUGGESTions for habitual Scold-dodgers, in to-day's LIFE ILLUSTRATED. Give a copy to every ill-natured sinner, and it may correct a very disagreeable habit. For only 4 cents.

READY ON SATURDAY, MARCH 14,
SOPHIA LEE'S CANTERBURY TALES.
Price $1.
In one duodecimo volume of 500 pages, uniform with the new volumes already published of Harriet Lee's Canterbury Tales and Lives of Eminent Men, volume of MASON'S STANDARD LIBRARY OF TALES.

The great favor with which the republication of Harriet Lee's Canterbury Tales has been received, has warranted the issuing of her sister's contribution to that remarkable series, as the third volume of our "Standard Library of Tales." There is a general consensus of opinion as to the relative merits of the two sisters, and while Sir Walter Scott outlines amidst the superiority in Harriet Lee, whom alone with equal confidence, that the tales of Sophia Lee are the gems of the original collection. We give the new generation of readers the opportunity of deciding for themselves.

In addition to Sophia Lee's contributions to the Canterbury Tales, the present volumes contains her introduction to the whole series and a short biography. We have also nearly a new edition of volumes 7 and 8 of "Mason's Standard Library," containing
HARRIET LEE'S CANTERBURY TALES, 2 vols. Price $2 75.
SOPHIA LEE'S CANTERBURY TALES, 1 vol. Price $1.
The above, forming the complete set, will be published on Saturday, March 14, by
MASON BROTHERS,
Nos. 108 and 110 Duane-st., New-York.

NEWS IN A NUTSHELL.—NEW JERSEY Banking Act; $10,000 Benefit for New-Orleans; Mirage in Canada; Bridging the Mississippi at St. Louis; and the Ghost at Cincinnati; $25,000,000 a year for Tea; The Letters we write; 140,000,000 of Postage Stamps a year; The Dog Star; Temperature of the Earth; Talking to Children; Our Mines; True Gentleman; Five Generations; Shrine Pennies; Portland; Pedometer. All in this day's LIFE ILLUSTRATED.

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BUCKLEY'S MELODIES.
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50 NEW AND POPULAR SONGS!
As sung by the
BUCKLEY'S NEW-ORLEANS SERENADERS,
No. 585 Broadway, New-York.
CONTAINING:

Kiss me Quick and go.	Leave the Relaxed Lot Her Wore.
Cottage By the Sea.	Corn Hoeing.
Wedding day.	Lucy Neal.
Oh! Have you Seen the Elephant?	Rose Nicholas.
Sparking Sunday-Night.	Bryan Line.
That's So.	The Cot in the Dell.
I'm the One that Rattles.	Take Away the Bitter.
Grey Till.	Ellen Bui Never Tell.
Come Back to me, Love.	My Mary's Grave.
Old Farm House.	Polly Lane.
My Mary Ann.	Willow Glen.
Peasley Song.	Buckley's Sleeping Song.
Some One to Love.	When I was a Boy.
Buckley's Bathing Song.	Railroad Song, &c.

Copies sent free by mail on the receipt of the price, 13 cents. Address BUCKLEY'S NEW-ORLEANS SERENADERS, No. 585 Broadway, New-York.

RURAL LIFE, FARMERS, GARDENERS, Builders and others, will be interested in an illustrated article on SNOW FENCES, Chicken Chemistry, or Eggs, 60 Years to Hatch, Horse Taming, Cattle, Sheep and Pig Breeding, Cheap Cane-Seat Chairs, &c., this week's LIFE ILLUSTRATED. Only 4 cents. Newsmen will get it for you from No. 308 Broadway.

THE RIGHTS OF WOMEN,
Including the Laws and Customs pertaining to Marriage and Property, are fully discussed in this week's LIFE ILLUSTRATED. Price only 4 cents. All Newsmen should have it.
His Social, Political and Moral Duties.
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DRED SCOTT CASE.
D. APPLETON & CO. will immediately publish THE CASE OF DRED SCOTT, as argued and adjudged in the Supreme Court of the United States, including the statement of the question as appealed from the Circuit Court of Missouri; the arguments of counsel, and the opinion of all the Judges. 1 vol. 8vo.

FOR CHILDREN.—CURIOSITIES.—PERSEverance; Seeing a Sermon; Sabbath in England; a cure for Sloth, in LIFE ILLUSTRATED. Only 4 cents, and much better for young folks than a stick of sugar candy.

THE COMMERCIAL AGENCY
ANNUAL FOR 1857,
Containing Tariff of Duties in the United States, Abstract of Collection, Allowances, Homeward Passengers and Usury Laws, sailings of Mail Steamers, &c., &c. By TAPPAN & McMILLEN, No. 5 Beekman-st. For sale at LATIMER BROS. & BEYMOUR, Stationers, No. 15 Nassau-st., corner of Fulton.

NORMAL SCHOOL AT NEW-BRITAIN, CONN.—With an engraved view of the School Building, and an account of the Institution; to-day's LIFE ILLUSTRATED. Only 4 cents. Newsmen have it.

NATIONAL POLICE GAZETTE,
No. 12, Vol. 12.
FOR THIS WEEK, will contain GREAT CRIMINAL NEWS, and a
PICTURE OF THE MURDER OF MRS. MILLER.
Subscriptions $2 per annum, $1 for six months, to be addressed to H. A. SEYMOUR, *National Police Gazette*, New-York City.

SEND IT TO YOUR FRIENDS IN THE COUNTRY.—LIFE ILLUSTRATED may be had, in wrappers, ready for mailing, at 4 cents. No. 308 Broadway.

THE NEW-ENGLAND HISTORY.—PUBlished this day, by CHARLES SCRIBNER, Nos. 377 and 379 Broadway, New-York.—THE NEW-ENGLAND HISTORY—From the Discovery of the Continent by the Northmen A. D. 986 to the Period when the Colonies Declared their Independence A. D. 1776. By CHARLES W. ELLIOTT, LL.D. 2 vols. royal octavo; uniform with Prescott's Histories. Price, $5 per vol.

CONTENTS: Gazettings of Chapters.—The Northmen in New-England.—Rise of the Puritans in England.—The Puritans Become Pilgrims.—The Embarkation.—The Voyage.—The Landing.—Winter Settlement of Plymouth.—Welcome.—Death.—Corners.—Lands, Cattle, &c.—Weston's Colony.—Indian Wars.—Wars.—Gov. Endicott.—Their Church.—Massachusetts Bay.—The Charter Transferred to New-England.—Settlement of Boston.—Settlements at the Time of Winthrop's Demise.—Fortified Town.—Winthrop, Dudley, Vane and Endicott.—The Government.—Toleration.—Roger Williams and Rhode Island.—Maine and New-Hampshire.—Settlement of Connecticut.—The Pequot War.—Death of Mason.—Mrs. Hutchinson.—The Great Cambridge Synod.—Samuel Gorton.—The Confederation.—The Vassal and Childs Disturbance.—Persecution of the Quakers.—The King's Judges.—Regicides.—Eliot and the Indians.—King Philip's War.—Recall of the Charters.—The King's Commissioner Andros.—The Rebellion.—Puritan Laws.—Church Matters.—Colleges.—Schools and Books.—Manners and Customs of the People, &c., &c. &c.

VOLUME 2: New-England Men and Women.—The Governors.—Salem Witchcraft.—Spirits in the Year 1692.—Kidd the Pirate.—Defence of the French and Indians in New-England.—Vermont and the Green Mountain Boys.—Paybrook Platform.—Great Revival.—Edwards and Whitefield.—The Ministers.—Slavery in New-England.—Wears of Episcopacy.—Condition and Wealth of the People Before the Revolution.—The Stamp Tax.—New Taxes.—Massachusetts Thrown Overboard.—The Boston Port Bill.—The "Intrepid."—The First Continental Congress.—Resistance.—We Must Fight.—Thunderbolts.—The Sons of Liberty.—Bunker Hill.—Saturday, 17th June, 1775.—Second Meeting of Congress.—Washington at Cambridge.—Expeditions to Canada.—Arnold.—The Army.—Marches on New-York.—Washington at New-York.—Nantucket and Charlestown.—The Tories.—Independence Talked About.—Independence Declared.

About an Appendix, containing.—The Westminster Shorter Catechism.—Body of Liberties.—Articles of Confederation.—The Massachusetts Slave Laws.—Census of the U. S. in 1790.—Names of Signers of Declaration of Independence, &c. &c. &c.

☞ It is found out at last that all diseases arise from one original cause, and that is impurity of the blood. Every symptom of every complaint is only a different form of the same thing, and the original idea of the Panacea, as an application far from the seat of disease, is exploded. Nature herself points out the only way to cure disease, and that is by assistance from and in harmony with her laws. Nature's remedy is the blood, and the blood alone. Hence the great success of Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, which is the best blood purifier in the world. For sale by druggists everywhere. Price $1 per bottle.

☞ Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla.—Sudden Death.—Recorder Barron held an inquest yesterday upon the body of SAMUEL F. PRESCOTT, a farmer by trade, who was found dead in his bed on the previous morning at his boarding-house, No. 2 Grand-st., New-York City. He died of a disease of the heart. He was a single man, 61 years of age, a native of Salem County, New-Jersey, and formerly resided in Philadelphia.

☞ Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla.—Coroner's Inquest.—An inquest was held yesterday upon the unrecognized remains of the woman who died on the day previous on a Jersey City ferry boat. The statement made that a coroner's jury of nine men was on service. Her body was taken to the Almshouse, at which place the inquest was held. She was a woman of about the middle height, of full form, had dark auburn hair, and wore a dark calico dress. There was a mole on her face just below the right corner of her mouth.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.—WE WOULD CALL your attention to Prof. O. J. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

From our long acquaintance with the proprietor, and with numerous individuals who have used his preparation with perfect success for the last two years, we feel no hesitation in recommending the curtain as superior to any of the preparations now in use for the same purpose, viz.: for restoring gray hair to its original color, a sure and perfect cure for baldness, and a never-failing preventive for the falling of the hair.

It is decidedly the best and most popular in use for beautifying, preserving, restoring and strengthening the hair, relieving diseases of the skin, and removing scurf, dandruff, and all eruptions and feverish heat from the scalp.

We speak in relation to the above from what we know, having been personally acquainted with numerous persons who have used the restorative for the above purposes with the most gratifying results.

It is not often we notice a patent medicine. Indeed, we think we have never puffed one before; but Professor WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE is something so superior to most of the preparations of the day, that we cannot forbear asking the attention of our readers to it.

Gray locks and bald in consort sing,
The magic of this wondrous thing.
St. Louis Pilot.

Sold No. 312 Broadway, and by all respectable druggists in City and country.

THE HAIR.—THE HAIR.—WHAT LADY OR gentleman would be without a beautiful head of hair, when by the use of LYON'S KATHAIRON such an one can so easily be had. The KATHAIRON prevents the hair from falling off or turning gray, cleanses it from scurf and dandruff, makes it soft curly and glossy, and imparts a delightful perfume. Sold by all dealers everywhere, for 25 cents per bottle. HEATH, WINKOOP & CO., Proprietors and Perfumers, No. 66 Liberty-st., N. Y.

SAWS.
HOE & CO.'S PATENT GROUND SAWS, PLAstering Trowels, &c., can be had, wholesale and retail, at the principal hardware stores, at the manufactory, Nos. 29 and 31 Gold-st., or at the Works, corner of Broome, Sheriff and Columbia-sts., New-York.

SELLING OFF! SELLING OFF!!—$2500,000 worth of China, glass, gas fixtures, plated ware, &c., &c. Look at the prices, and see if we are not the lowest; then make a memorandum of the number of the store, and be sure you get into the
RIGHT PLACE.

White Dinner Sets	154 pieces	$16 00
Decorative China Tea Sets	44 pieces	6 50
White China Tea Sets	44 pieces	3 75
White China Dinner Plates	the dozen	1 65
White China Tea Plates	the dozen	1 45
White China Breakfast Plates	the dozen	1 45
White China Tea Plates	the dozen	1 15
Cut Glass Goblets	the dozen	1 75
Cut Glass Champagnes	the dozen	1 20
Cut Glass Wines	the dozen	75
Silver-plated Table Spoons	the dozen	2 75
Silver-plated Tea Spoons	the dozen	1 50
Silver-plated Table Forks	the dozen	4 00
Silver-plated Castors	the dozen	5 00
Silver-plated Tea Sets	5 pieces	22 00
Silver-plated Cake Baskets		6 50

The public are respectfully informed that this immense stock must be cleared out within
THIRTY DAYS,
W. J. F. DAILEY & CO.,
No. 631 and 726 Broadway,
Between Houston and Bleecker-sts.

BINGHAMTON, March 4, 1857.
S. C. HERRING & CO.—GENTS: I WRITE TO inform of your information, that I have used the three or four years since. My store was broken open last night, and the safe was attempted but not opened. The outer front was torn off from the back of the safe. You will see by referring to your books, that the safe was lined with chilled iron, which successfully resisted the burglarious efforts to gain an entrance to the contents of the safe.

My loss of goods outside the safe will probably fall short of one thousand dollars ($1,000). Thanks for the endorsement of your safe that my loss was no greater.
Respectfully yours, ALFRED J. EVANS.

NO. 45 MURRAY-STREET.—STEARNS & MARVIN, late RICE & Co.'s improved SALAMANDER SAFES. Warranted to withstand the action of fire and water. LA BELLE POWDER-PROOF LOCK, with a very small key, all made under the immediate inspection of our Mr. STEARNS, who has for 15 years superintended their manufacture, during which time not a dollar's worth of property has been consumed in one of them—all having been tested in accidental fires; warranted free from dampness also, BURGLAR-PROOF CHESTS of any size, lined with hardened steel, which cannot be drilled or picked. For sale by STEARNS & MARVIN, No. 45 Murray-st. Factory, corner of St. Mark's-place and Avenue A.

SEWING MACHINES.—I. M. SINGER & CO.'S new and beautiful patent FAMILY SEWING MACHINE is the best machine now in use. Call and examine it, and ask all questions that can be asked on the subject. All who read this paper will learn how to purchase a sewing machine with which $1,000 a year, clear profit, can be made, and will be protected from being imposed upon by any of the humbug machines now before the public. I. M. SINGER & CO.'S Gazette will be sent gratis to all who apply by letter or otherwise.
I. M. SINGER & CO., No. 323 Broadway, New-York.

WE DESIRE TO CALL ATTENTION TO THE peremptory auction sale of real estate located in New-York, Brooklyn and Williamsburgh, to be made THIS DAY, March 11, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, by ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer. The terms are liberal, titles indisputable, and the property is to be sold to close a trust. For lithographic maps, bills and full particulars, we refer to the Auctioneer, No. 4 Broad-st.

THE FASHION OF THE SEASON IN GENTLEmen's hats was introduced by GENIN on Saturday, the 7th. New-York and the Union have, for years, accepted the quarterly issues of GENIN as the governing styles of the day, and his Spring hat for 1857 will be found to possess the highest claims to the admiration of men of taste and judgment. Price $4.
GENIN,
No. 214 Broadway, opposite St. Paul's Church.

RUPTURE.—ONLY PRIZE MEDAL AWARDED to MARSH & CO. by the Industrial Exhibition of all Nations, at the Crystal Palace, for their new Patent Radical Cure Truss. References as to its superiority: Professors Valentine Mott, Willard Parker and John M. Carnochan. Open from 7 A. M. to 9 P. M.
MARSH & CO., No. 251 Maiden-lane, New-York.

ONE PRICE
CARPET WAREHOUSE.
For the sale of Carpets, Oil-cloths, &c., &c.,
YOUNG & JAYNE,
No. 264 Broadway, corner Franklin-st.

1,000 PACKAGES FAT MACKEREL.
1,000 extensive large thick Codfish.
1,000 boxes finest Cheese.
EARL BARTHOLOMEW & CO.,
No. 196 Greenwich-st.

BEEBE & CO.,
No. 282 Broadway,
WILL ISSUE THEIR SPRING FASHION
For gentlemen's hats, THIS DAY. (Saturday.) Feb. 28.

BUY A BOX OF AYER'S PILLS FOR FIVE cents, worth a thousand dollars. Sold by all dealers in medicine, everywhere. Also, AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL for colds, coughs, &c.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE UNION
Is a new and handsome Quarto Weekly Journal of fifteen pages, three columns to the page, of new type and fine paper, entitled
A NEW PAPER!
Will be issued next THURSDAY MORNING, March 12, in a new and handsome Quarto Weekly Journal of fifteen pages, three columns to the page, of new type and fine paper, entitled
THE WEEKLY NEWS-LETTER.
The main feature of this paper will be, that it may truly say in its pages, more of home will be contained each week, by some of the most talented and popular writers, than in any paper published in the country. It will be printed in four numbers. The readers and lovers of Journals upon us to reprint those vivid sketches as we find in no other way. Besides the above, we shall add several pages of miscellany of general readers and choice characters; and lastly, each week we shall give a large and handsome wood engraving. The whole will then be on the sheet of the year in one handsome, attractive paper of over eight hundred pages, containing thirteen complete narratives.

The retail price of the "Weekly News-Letter" will be two cents per copy. The first number, which will be announced in No. 1 of the new paper, will be
THE GOLDEN BAGNET;
OR,
THE PRIVATEER OF '76.
A STORY OF THE REVOLUTION.
BY EDWARD ROBINSON.

The best American story ever produced by the well-known and popular writer.

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FOR SALE OR TO LET—A DOUBLE TWO-STORY AND BASEMENT BRICK DWELLING, with all the modern improvements, situated on the north side of 46th-st., between 5th and 6th-avs. Apply to A. DURÉE, No. 1 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE FOLLOWING PROPERTY, situated on the line of the New-York and New-Haven Railroad, at Port Chester, Westchester County, N. Y.: Stores and dwelling-houses, Nos. 63 and 65 Main-st.; dwelling-house, No. 67 Main-st.; dwelling-house, No. 69 Main-st.; dwelling-house, No. 71 Main-st.; dwelling-house, No. 73 Main-st.; dwelling-house, No. 75 Main-st.; dwelling-house, No. 77 Main-st.; dwelling-house, No. 79 Main-st.; dwelling-house, No. 81 Main-st.; dwelling-house, No. 83 Main-st.; dwelling-house, No.

AUCTION SALES.

DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIDENCE AT AUCTION.
BY VIRTUE OF A POWER CONTAINED IN A MORTGAGE WHICH WILL BE PRODUCED AT THE SALE, WE SHALL SELL ON THE PREMISES, ON THURSDAY, APRIL 2, AT 12 O'CLOCK M., THE VALUABLE COUNTRY RESIDENCE AND FARM, SITUATED IN THE TOWN OF NEW-UTRECHT, KINGS COUNTY, L. I., ON THE NEW-UTRECHT AVENUE, ABOUT 1½ MILES FROM THE FERRY AT THE FOOT OF 39TH-ST., BROOKLYN, AND 5 MILES FROM THE BATTERY, NEW-YORK. THE PROPERTY CONSISTS OF A LARGE AND COMMODIOUS MANSION HOUSE, WITH ALL THE MODERN IMPROVEMENTS, AND IN THE BEST ORDER; A LARGE BARN, CARRIAGE-HOUSE, ICE-HOUSE, AND OTHER OUT-BUILDINGS; A FINE ORCHARD OF CHOICE FRUIT TREES, AND ABOUT 30 ACRES OF LAND, WELL FENCED AND IN HIGH CULTIVATION. THE PROPERTY IS ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIDENCES ON LONG ISLAND, AND WILL BE SOLD WITHOUT RESERVE OR LIMIT. TERMS AT SALE. FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS APPLY TO THE AUCTIONEERS, NO. 56 WALL-ST.
DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.

FOR SALE—A GOOD BALANANDER RAFT.
Apply to office No. 82 Hestonia Exchange.

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Also, the lease of the store and premises now occupied by the subscriber, situated in the most desirable location in the city of Brooklyn, and doing a business of from $40,000 to $50,000 per annum. The reason for selling is to enable the subscriber to attend to his business in Europe. Apply to the subscriber, No. 1 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.
JOHN C. DOLLNER.

FOR SALE—A FORTABLE STEAM ENGINE
Of about 8-horse power, with boiler, pumps, &c., complete. Also, a 4-horse power, nearly new. Apply at the premises, No. 57 Beekman-st., or No. 25 Dutch-st.

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Apply to JOHN C. DOLLNER & SON, 82 Hestonia Exchange.

TO LET—A LUMBER YARD AT KING'S BRIDGE.
Also, a good dock attached. Apply to
SAMUEL E. SMITH,
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Offered for sale by the manufacturers, Messrs. Wm. Kinnear & Co., No. 18 Nassau-st.

REMOVAL.—THE EXCELSIOR FIRE BRICK
Company have removed from No. 44 Wall-st. to No. 18 Broadway, Basement.
ROBT. E. HOWE, President.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A GOOD ENGINE OF
about 8-horse power, with boiler, pumps, &c., complete order. Consisting shafts, belts, &c., all of which have been but little used. This engine will be sold at a bargain, as the present owner has no use for it. Also, a 2-horse power engine, with boiler, pumps, &c., complete. Both engines may be seen in operation at No. 519 Pearl-st., corner of Jacob-st. Apply to the subscriber, on the premises, or at No. 57 Pine-st., corner of Nassau-st.
P. PARSELL BUTLER.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A GOOD CASH
Manufacturing business, with steam power. Address, stating full particulars, P. O. Box No. 1,100, New-York.

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Manufacturing business. Address P. O. Box No. 1,100, New-York.

WANTED—A PARTNER, WITH A CAPITAL
Of $5,000, to take an interest in a manufacturing business, which is now in successful operation, and which will yield a profit of 50 per cent. Address, with real name, box 1,100 Post-Office.

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Manufacturing business. Address P. O. Box No. 1,100, New-York.

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Of $5,000, to take an interest in a manufacturing business, which is now in successful operation, and which will yield a profit of 50 per cent. Address, with real name, box 1,100 Post-Office.

$40,000.—GOOD DIVIDEND PAYING
Business for sale. Inquire at 16 Nassau-st., basement.

$10,000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE
On unincumbered property in this city. Apply to
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NEW-YORK CITY.

...Common Council met pursuant ...sday, at 7 o'clock. At the third ...the opening of ...by reading the minutes of the ...ard Busteed, ...ed gentleman from Boston, and his ...

...appreciation of BRANDRETH'S Pills. ...operation with successful effect are the peo... of BRANDRETH'S Pills. Now that we may soon ...genial Spring, it is of great importance that ... be used by the wise. Our race are subjected ...redundancy of vitiated bile at this season, and it ... dangerous as it is prevalent; but BRANDRETH'S ... afford an invaluable and efficient preventive. By ... occasional use we prevent the collection of these ... which, when in sufficient quantities, cause ... such danger to the fine organs of the stomach and ... They soon cure liver complaint, dyspepsia, ... of appetite, pain in the Head, heartburn, pain in ... bowels, sudden faintness and costiveness. In ... BRANDRETH'S Pills work their way to the very ... of the disease, cleansing in their passage, re... every unhealthy accumulation, till the blood ... the whole system renovated, and the func... ... become a pleasure, where be... they had been sad and weary burdens. Principal ... of BRANDRETH, Building, New-York. Sold by all ...

[Advertisement.]

Testimony of Electricity!

From the Times and Messenger, Sunday morning, March 1, 1857.

TRIAL OF NEW PATENTS.—The Galloway portables, by GARRETT, have made a great sensation among artists, and many persons who have any taste for the fine arts. The artists confess that a more perfect and beautiful picture than the Galloway-type taken by Gen. GARRETT was never produced, and never will be. It possesses all the excellences of the daguerreotype, or photograph, with the softness and beauty of the human face. Mr. GARRETT has secured the services of Mr. ... formerly of the firm of ..., whose ... form divine, or Five Points, ... could ... Brandreth's Galloway-type extracts, by the use of Dr. GARRETT'S Galloway-battery. Recollect, only 3 cents, after you call and view the exhibition, and they will come after you without an extra charge. Mr. ... has for a long time been celebrated throughout the land for the fidelity and finish of his portraits. The Galloway will make him famous the civilized world over. He has a score of first rate artists in his employ, and can fulfill every order he may receive with promptness and to complete satisfaction.

[Advertisement.]

☞ The undersigned, Inspectors and Sealers of Weights and Measures in the City of New-York, having frequent occasion to test the various Platform Scales in use in this City, are pleased to bear our testimony to the superior character of those manufactured by Messrs. E. & T. FAIRBANKS & Co., and do cheerfully recommend them to the public as the most accurate weighing machines in use.

RALPH TRESSER, Inspector Weights and Measures, First District.

THOMAS H. WARRINGTON, Inspector, Second District.
ARTHUR H. STRONG, Deputy Inspector, First District.
JOHN T. SMITH, Deputy Inspector, Fifth District.
JOHN E. EDMONDS, Sealer, Second District.

FAIRBANKS & CO., Agents, No. 189 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

☞ A retired Physician, whose hands of life have nearly run out, discovered, while living in the East Indies, a certain cure for consumption, asthma, bronchitis, coughs, colds and general debility. The remedy was discovered by him when his only child—a daughter—was given up to die. Wishing to do as much good as possible, he will send to such of his afflicted fellowbeings as request it, this recipe, with full and explicit directions for making it up and successfully using it. He requires each applicant to inclose him one shilling—three cents to be returned as postage on the recipe, and the remainder to be applied to the payment of this advertisement. Address Dr. M. ADAMS, No. 19 Grand-street, Jersey City, N. J.

[Advertisement.]

GAS FOR THE COUNTRY.—Gas apparatus, after the Patent of the Maryland Portable Gas Company. C. E. WOODWORTH & Co. are now offering for sale a most complete, cheap, simple and efficient gas machine, adapted in all respects to the wants of private dwellings, public and private schools, churches, colleges, factories, foundries, hotels, watering places, &c., as well as of towns and villages. Details will be furnished, by applying in person or by letter to the office of the Company, where a machine can be seen in operation, and descriptive pamphlets obtained.

C. E. WOODWORTH & Co.,
No. 74 Wall-street, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

From the Daily News.

CAUTION.—Our little neighboring State across the Bay has the honor and credit of supplying the City of New-York with any quantity of small-bill counterfeit paper currency, while, forsooth, it is made up in New-street, and put in circulation by speculators. The whole City is flooded with it. Look out!

AN OBSERVER.

We presume the above has reference to a certain Commercial Bank. We are informed there is a bill before the Legislature of New-Jersey for the repeal of its charter. The bills, we believe, are yet redeemed at the Union Bank.

[Advertisement.]

THE STRUGGLE WITH WHICH OUR STOMACHS bear up against the abuse we give them is wonderful. The only true corrective is "CHEESEMAN'S Dyspepsia Specific." It is purely vegetable—does not act as a purgative—only one drop taken at a time, though were the whole bottle taken at once it would not injure. Hundreds of certificates from the cured can be seen at our sale office, No. 101 Wall-street, New-York. Kept by all the druggists. Only 50 cents per bottle.

[Advertisement.]

COATES' PORTABLE GAS WORKS.—The undersigned desires to call public attention to his improved Gas Apparatus designed for country residences, factories, hotels, &c. These works are safe, efficient and simple in their construction, and warranted to give entire satisfaction. Purchasers are guaranteed against prosecution by the Maryland Portable Gas Company, or any other parties, for alleged infringement of their patent. Office No. 276 Broadway, New-York.

S. COATES.

[Advertisement.]

☞ MURRAY & LANMAN'S FLORIDA WATER is culled from odorous tropical flowers, the perfume of which is concentrated, and indelibly fixed in the preparation. For fifteen years it has maintained its supremacy as an accessory of the South American toilet, and is now demanded here by the whole fashionable world. Sold by D. T. LANMAN & CO., wholesale druggists, No. 60 Water-street, New-York, and by all druggists at 50c. per bottle.

[Advertisement.]

FOR CANCERS, COLDS, &c.—Those who are troubled with coughs, colds, asthma, irritated throats, difficulty of swallowing, &c., &c., should not fail to procure "BROWN'S Troches, or Voice Lozenges." They are a superior compound, and very justly rank at the top of preparations of this nature. Among public speakers they are exceedingly popular, adding materially to the ease of long addresses.—*Boston Bee.* Sold by all Druggists.

[Advertisement.]

HOSTADAY'S OINTMENT.—There are millions of animate orifices in the skin. Through these, as the physiologist marks under the hand, it is conveyed, to the sources of inflammation. In this way it rapidly relieves asthma, croup, sore throat, rheumatism, and all eruptions and ulcers. Sold at the manufactories, 69 Maiden-lane, New-York, and 244 Strand, London, and by all druggists, at 25c., 62½c., and $1 per pot.

[Advertisement.]

☞ It is not our habit to make especial mention of a business house, but the fact that Messrs. DAILEY & Co., Nos. 621 and 623 Broadway, the extensive dealers in China, glass, gas-fixtures, plated ware, &c., are selling off their immense stock without reserve, we think, forms an exception to our rule, and we feel it to be a duty we owe the public to advise them of the fact.

[Advertisement.]

☞ Another of these monster entertainments is now to be given at PURDY'S National Theatre to-night. The two great pieces, viz. "Medea," the burlesque, and "Planche," the pantomime, are to be given, with the beautiful drama of the "Carpenter of Rouen," and the farce of "Smith & Brown." Dancing and singing in abundance.

[Advertisement.]

WINDOW SHADES, TABLE OIL-CLOTHS,
Buff and White Hollands,
Cords, Tassels, Brasses, &c.,
Wholesale and Retail,
By WOODFORD & WENDEL,
No. 58 Catharine-street, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

EVERYBODY TALKS ABOUT IT.—About what? About the new domestic drama from London, now creating such an excitement at Barnum's Museum. It is the most intensely interesting piece ever witnessed, and is called "Ruth Oakley." Played this afternoon and this evening.

[Advertisement.]

CYPRESS HILLS CEMETERY OFFICE
Removed to
No. 5 Tyron Row Buildings,
Between Chatham and Centre streets.

[Advertisement.]

Gas! Gas!!—Gas Fixtures for the Spring trade. Several new patterns more beautiful in design and finish than ever offered before. Call at our great Manufactory, Dept. No. 376 Broadway.

ARNOUX, WARNER & Co.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION FIRE-PROOF SAFES.—Nos. 125, 127 and 129 Water-street, and No. 5 Murray-street, New-York.

LONG ISLAND.

...Circuit.
...Judge Ulshoeffer.
KINGS COUNTY COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER.
...Justices Strong and Schoonmaker.

BROOKLYN, Wednesday, March 10, 1857.

The Court ...ted very punctually this morning, at the hour to which it was adjourned. The ... crowded, as indeed the general interest in the ... in the case.

The defendant, Hannah Jackson, was ...ranged at her ... accompanied by three females, all of whom manifested a deep interest in the case. *The first* witness called was the complainant, Catharine Sullivan, who gives her age as 16, but apparently is not more than 15 or 16 years of age; she is of slight build, of rather prepossessing appearance, and conducted herself with perfect propriety. Under the extended cross-examination instituted by Mr. Clinton, which, relating some of the more important points in the case, she became so much affected as several times to interrupt the proceedings, and on one occasion left the Court, accompanied by an officer.

Catharine Sullivan recalled for cross-examination by Mr. Clinton for defence.—There was no communication with them near where we got supper as to taking a ride; no one pointed out Jackson's station board the ship; never heard of the sun until now; staid at the Rainbow Hotel on Friday night; I was alone; Dr. Mason was not there; did not see him; never said on board the ship that I was afraid Dr. Mason would go and leave me; I paid my own board at the *Rainbow Hotel;* went with Jane and the other person; think John Wilson had a card to go there; was not more acquainted with Wilson aboard ship than any other person, or not so much; he talked sometimes with the captain's servant girl and sometimes with me; after we got into the carriage think it was more than an hour before we stopped at a house *store; am almost sure that I did not drink;* we tasted some punches in the carriage, but did not drink; I think it was *brandy punch; I did not call* for punch; did not say "This is a ball of a punch;" I never made such an expression in my life; made no expression at all, that I recollect; they wanted us to *drink; that is all that occurred that I recollect;* neither of us at that place indulged in loose conversation; they asked us to drink the punches, and we just sipped it to satisfy them; did not drink as much as half of what there was in the tumbler; Jane said she drank only a sip; it might have been one or two months ago, she told me; do not recollect the exact time—we have often talked about it; recollect stopping again before we got to Sheepshead Bay; don't know where it was; did not get out of the carriage; did not drink anything—tasted it; think Jane tasted at that place also; they asked us to drink, was why we tasted it there; we did not wish any ourselves—wished for none as all that night asked for none myself that night, nor told the men to get any; Jane did not ask, should have heard her if she had—am quite sure of that; the next time we stopped was in Sheepshead Bay, the third stopping place; did not stay at that house all night; did not get out the men got out, but did not stop a great while; there was something said about stopping there; they said they could not get a room there; don't know whether they said a room or rooms; saw no one drink there; the men were not unpleasant; don't recollect anything particular that was said there; I was too sick to talk; Jane felt sick also; she talked some, asked me how I was; went direct from this place to where we stopped all night; it was only a *few rods distant; it looked like a very nice house* when I went in; it was night, and did not notice very particularly; there were a great many people there; the house was not so large as some in New York; forget whether the men waited upon us out of the carriage or not; they walked into the house with us; was not well; I could not walk very well; went up *stairs;* don't remember of stopping down stairs; the room did not go up there with me; a young woman went up to show us our room; don't think we were talking going up; we were not laughing; the girl showed us into a small room and gave us a light; stopped a few minutes to arrange the room and left; Jane began to undress me before the girl left; was nearly undressed when the girl left; Jane began to undress as soon as I laid down; don't know how far she had progressed; don't think she had her outside dress off; don't know whether she had got her dress unloosened; know that she began to undress; did not notice particularly; then Jackson and Dixson came into the room; should think it was more than five minutes after the girl left before Jackson and Dixson came in; it was not fifteen minutes; can't say that it was ten minutes; we had been in the Hotel something like a half hour when Jackson and Dixson came into our room—probably less than that; Jackson remained in the room from that time until morning; don't know who spoke first as they came into the room; saw them come in; they both spoke while in the room; Dixson said he would get Jane another room; Jane said she wanted to stop there with me; she said I was very sick; she made a great many objections; don't recollect any thing else that Jane said; don't remember what Jackson said before Jane left the room; the head of the bed was towards the door; we slept on the front side of the house; did not notice which side of the house it was until next day; Jackson and Dixson were in the room about 5 minutes; think something more; recollect nothing more that Jackson, Dixson or Jane said before Jane left; I said I wished Jane to stop in the room; did not say it to any one in particular; I did not ask Jane to be kind enough to stay with me; I think I asked Jackson to leave her in the room; I am sure of it; recollect nothing else I said; don't know that I said that more than once; do not remember what Jackson said to my remark; Jane talked loud before she left the room—loud enough for any one in the passage outside to hear her; she talked louder than in her usual tone of voice—much louder; she did not holler in the room; did not hear her holler at all; if she had could have heard it.

[At this point the witness was so much overcome by her feelings that it was necessary to suspend her examination, and take her from the room.]

Mr. Clinton said he hoped that the Court would direct that no person converse with the witness while absent, either counsel or other persons.

Judge STRONG remarked that it would be improper, and thought that the District-Attorney had too high a sense of his duty to do anything of the kind.

After an absence of twenty minutes, the

Cross-examination resumed.—When Jackson and Dixson came in they took Jane out of the room; they asked her to go first—they tried to persuade her to go; it was not more than two or three minutes that they tried; she kept talking with them all that time; each of them took an arm, and took her out of the room; they put their hands upon her shoulders; had hold of her nowhere else that I saw; don't know whether Jackson had both hands upon her; one of Dixson's hands was sore, and he could not use but one hand—he had it tied up in a sling; he said it was very sore; did not see him use it; when J. and D. took hold of Jane's shoulders, I think they were somewhere behind her; don't recollect exactly; they were not in front, but at her side or behind her; they took her out of the room slowly; don't know that it was quite slowly; I was lying on my back in the bed at the time; there didn't much occur in the room but what I saw; saw her go out of the door; she did not bid me good night as she went out; she said nothing of the kind; don't know which went out first; saw Dixson go out; think Jane was ahead; think she went out between them; they all went out together; they were by her side or back—don't recollect which; Dixson was close to her; they were close together; should think they touched; think Dixson's hand was upon her shoulder; did not see Jane after she went out; am certain that I saw Dixson's hand upon her while going out; heard her say something to the men while going out; did not hear the words; don't suppose they were spoken very low or very loud; noticed nothing different from her ordinary tone of voice; Jackson was towards the bed when they went out; the head of the bed was two feet from the door; Jackson was between the door and the bed; we all took breakfast together the next morning; no one called me up; the young woman who showed us to bed, called me to breakfast; I was in the bed-room, where I slept when called; Jane was with me; I had not been out of the room that morning; don't know what time Jane came to my room that morning; it might have been eight o'clock; Jackson and Dixson were found in the dining-room; did not talk and laugh at the table; J. and D. were laughing and talking to the sewing girl; they sometimes spoke to us and we answered them; the young woman said I looked better than I did the night before; felt better only I had a headache—felt well with the exception of a headache—as the day came on felt worse; I replied to the young woman that I felt better than I did the last night; she asked if the men were our husbands; we said they were not, that they were strangers to us, and had never seen them before; she did not tell us to lock our door Saturday night, as I remember; did not tell me that it was a rule of the house that the doors should be locked; did not see her take the key from the outside and placing it the inside of the door; she might have told Jane to lock the door, but I did not hear it; no one else took breakfast with us; Jane and I were not talking and laughing when called to breakfast; during the day sometimes we walked in the garden, and sometimes were in the parlors; we were not locked up that day; did not swear before the Grand Jury that we were locked up Sunday; saw the men when they were about going away at 9 o'clock; they promised to come back in the afternoon for us; saw the men in our room before breakfast; about half an hour; it was in the same room that I slept in; they staid about five minutes; after breakfast they came up and said they were going to New-York, and would come back and take us; we wanted them to take us then; drank no liquors that forenoon; nothing before the men got back; had dinner about noon; we asked to have it by ourselves, but they sent us to the large table; there were some strange men at the table; between breakfast and dinner we were up stairs, and out in the garden, and into the sitting room; we talked with one woman who we thought was the landlady, and the other young woman; they treated us well; they were not disagreeable; did not talk much; the woman talked about some shipwrecks; in the afternoon talked with the girl; we were in bad spirits that day, all day long; don't know that any one would have known that we were in distress—think they might; we talked during the day, but we were not laughing.

To Jurors.—I intended to have told the girl at the hotel of the outrage, but she gave me no opportunity to do so; I was 16 years of age last December; my mother died while I was a small child; my father is at work in the Vulcan Iron Works in Baltimore.

At 2 o'clock the Court took a recess of ten minutes, and upon reassembling,

Jane Muldoon was sworn.—I was 20 years old the 4th of last July; have seen the prisoner before; saw him on board the ship *City of Brooklyn,* about twelve o'clock; think it was the 28th of August; am not sure; had conversation with him on board ship that day; first time I remember speaking to him he asked where we were going; he said he could get girls nice places out West if they stopped in New-York; and recollect much more being said at the time; saw him attending to his own about the vessel; next time he spoke, the captain, captain's girl and I were present; the captain said he could get us a boarding-house; captain told him if he got us a boarding-house to put the three in together; Jackson went away then, and brought in Dixson; when we went out they followed us; Jackson told the Captain that he would see that we had a good boarding-house; they (Jackson and Dixson) went through a great many streets; went to one boarding-house; it was full; went to another; put one girl in there, and said that he would put us into a more respectable one; went to third, and had some supper; did not stop very long—about twenty minutes; went from there, and told Catharine that he was taking her to the Castle Garden; we had some brandy and porter at the hotel; brandy punch they called it; I drank about half a glass; Catharine, I think, drank about the same quantity; don't recollect whether I drank all of my glass of porter or not; the waiter brought it; Jackson spoke for it; he called for four brandy punches in the room where we were sitting; Jackson caught hold of Catharine and kissed her; she tried to get away from him but he held her; don't recollect anything particular that was said; she was at one side of the table and I was at the other, at the house; when we arrived at a ferry Jackson said he would take us to Brooklyn; that it would not take more than ten minutes; we crossed, and in a little way got a wagon; they drove a great way and then we saw that we were in the country; Catharine said she was sick at her stomach; I told her when she got to a boarding-house she would feel better; she told Jackson of her sickness, and he said that he would take her to the first hotel, and he would bring her dispatch from Castle Garden in the morning; went to a hotel in the country; on the way they brought out liquor to us twice, and we barely tasted of it; Catharine said she wouldn't have it; she did not want to drink it; they drove on to Sheepshead Bay; went to one hotel and they said it was full; drove on a little further to another hotel where we got out and a girl showed us up stairs to our room; there was one wide bed in the room; the head of the bed was towards the door, two feet from it; the girl came up and asked if these men were our husbands; we had nothing to drink that evening; we told the girl that the men were strangers, and we did not know them; she went right out; Catharine was very sick; I helped to undress Catharine and put her into bed; when I began to undress Jackson came and opened the door and Dixson stopped at the door; Jackson told me to go out—Dixson wanted me; told him I wouldn't nor wouldn't go; they caught hold of me and put me into the room with Dixson; Jackson put me out of the room when Dixson was standing in the door in the hall way; Dixson was in the passage opposite the door; think Catharine could not see Dixson—she was in bed; Jackson left me in the room with Dixson; Dixson wanted me to undress and got into bed; he ca... hold of me and tried to undo my dress; I resisted him; he had a sore hand; he tried for an hour or more; he put his hands upon my dress and tried to undo it; my room was on the opposite side of the passage from the room where Catharine was in bed with her; she was crying; after he went out I laid down, not undress; did not go to the door to see if it was locked; heard no noise after going into my room; there was not much noise in my room; heard no noise during that night; Dixson came back again some time afterwards; I was asleep, but awoke as he entered the room; I got up, and he tried to force me down upon the bed; I kept him off, and he tried a good length of time; burst his hand, and then he took a pillow and laid on the floor and slept; I went to sleep and awoke early in the morning; soon as I heard Dixson stir; he was out of the room before I went in; he came into my room and said he had been all night with Catharine; he was out of the room a long time, and then he came in; after he went out I laid down, not undress; did not go to the door to see if it was locked; heard no noise after going into my room; there was not much noise in my room; heard no noise during that night; *Dixson came back again some time*